COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	PHILOSOPHY				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PHILOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	GLOF175 SEMESTER 3-8				
COURSE TITLE	LEVELS OF (GREEK) GRAMMAR				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
			3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	Background, S	Scientific discip	line, Developm	ent o	f
general background, special background, specialised general	Proficiencies				
knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://elearn	n.uoc.gr/			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- Outline the fundamental properties of human language as described in the various approaches of Grammar.
- Summarize key debates and theoretical proposals regarding the nature of the various grammars.
- Define the basic concepts, methodology and terminology in the field of linguistics, i.e. in phonetics, phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics and pragmatics.
- Analyze simple structural phenomena using the linguistic tools.
- Become familiar with the content and the methods used in studying a complex system like language, by recognizing and defining the necessary division of language into its different subfields.

General Competences

- Development of independent, creative and deductive thinking
- Exercising critical thinking on scientific studies
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Team work

The course aims to introduce student to the scientific study of language in general and Greek Grammar in particular. Theoretical questions regarding the nature of language, as well as the distinction between Internal and External Language will serve to set the theoretical framework within which a grammar system is examined. More particularly the course focuses on phonetics, phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics and pragmatics putting the emphasis on the descriptive and explanatory approach (as opposed to prescriptive approach). Key concepts that this course is dealing with are:

- Morphology: The study of the structure of words (classes of words, morphemes, rules of word formation, word coinage, grammatical morphemes, derivation).
- Phonetics: The study of speech sounds (sound segments, spelling and speech, places of articulation, manners of articulation, vowels, consonants, phonetic transcription).
- Phonology: The study of sounds patterns or sound structure (the phonological units of language, distinctive features, prosodic phonology, the rules of phonology, phonetic and phonemic transcription).
- Syntax: The study of sentence structure (sentence structure, grammatical or ungrammatical sentence patterns, phrase structure rules, the lexicon, transformations, universal grammar).
- Semantics: The study of meaning and denotation (word meaning, phrase and sentence meaning, homonymy, polysemy, synonymy).
- Pragmatics: The study of implicatures.

The role and the methods used in each subfield of linguistics will be discussed and students will be trained to analyze data on Greek and other natural languages. In addition, students will be trained to recognize how the terms and the methods used in the analysis of language are used in applied fields of linguistics, such as psycholinguistics and sociolinguistics

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	 Class lectures, presentations, slides (pdf) 		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	 Class notes, announcements & communication 		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	via eLearn		
education, communication with students	Communication via email		
TEACHING METHODS			
The manner and methods of teaching	Activity	Semester workload	
are described in detail.	Lectures	39	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Independent study and	83	
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis	Preparation for the exam		
of bibliography, tutorials, placements,	Final exam	3	
clinical practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic			
creativity, etc.The student's study			
hours for each learning activity are			
given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the			
principles of the ECTS	Course total	125 (25 working hours per credit)	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	Three hour long written exam in Greek		
Description of the evaluation			
procedure			

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

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(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Fromkin V., Rodman R., Hyams, N. (2008). Εισαγωγή στη μελέτη της γλώσσας.
 Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Πατάκη.
- Pinker, S. (1995). Το Γλωσσικό Ένστικτο. Εκδόσεις Κάτοπτρο
- Peter Ladefoged (μετάφραση Μαρία Μπαλταζάνη) (2006). Εισαγωγή στη Φωνητική. Εκδόσεις Πατάκη.
- Noam Chomsky (2004). Για τη φύση και τη γλώσσα. Εκδόσεις Παπαδήμας.
- Noam Chomsky (2003). Η αρχιτεκτονική της γλώσσας. Εκδόσεις Καστανιώτη.
- Noam Chomsky (2008). Γλώσσα και νους. Εκδόσεις Πολύτροπον.
- Noam Chomsky (2005). Οι νέοι ορίζοντες στη μελέτη της γλώσσας και του νου. Εκδόσεις Πατάκη.
- Smith Neil (1999). *Chomsky: Ideas and Ideals*. Cambridge University Press.
- William O'Grady, John Archibald, Mark Aronoff & Janie Rees-Miller (2010). *Contemporary Linguistics: An Introduction*. Bedford St. Martins, 6th edition.