COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	PHILOSOPHY				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PHILOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	GLOF209		SEMESTER	3-8	
COURSE TITLE	Alternative Theories of Syntax				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
			3		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d)	ods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	SCIENTIFIC AREA OF SPECIALIZATION				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	GLOF100 GLOF175 GLOF165 GLOF111				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://elea	rn.uoc.gr/			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course will introduce students to a range of syntactic alternatives to Generative Grammar. Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim? Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and Working independently sensitivity to gender issues Team work Criticism and self-criticism Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working independently Working independently Working independently Working in an international environment Production of new research ideas Others Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking <th colspan="5"> Know the basic principles of syntactic models such as HPSG (Head-Driven Phrase Structure Grammar), Dynamic Syntax and Categorial Grammars Critically assess the predictions made between two or more models as regards a range of syntactic phenomena </th>	 Know the basic principles of syntactic models such as HPSG (Head-Driven Phrase Structure Grammar), Dynamic Syntax and Categorial Grammars Critically assess the predictions made between two or more models as regards a range of syntactic phenomena 				
Working independently Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment Team work	Taking into consideration the general competences that to Supplement and appear below), at which of the following Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	he degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma does the course aim? Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others			
(3) SYLLABUS	Working independently Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thin Working in an interdisciplinary environment Team work (3) SYLLABUS	king			

The aim of the course is to introduce students to a number of alternative models of syntax. Starting with Generative Grammar, its basic theoretical principles, as well as their formalization, students will familiarize themselves with well-known lexicalized models of syntax such as HPSG (Head-Driven Phrase Structure Grammar), Dynamic Syntax and Categorial Grammars, among others. A comparison of the models' predictions with respect to a number of syntactic phenomena is then attempted.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Class lectures, presentations, slides (pdf) Class notes, announcements & communication via ClassWeb Communication via email 		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching	Lectures	39	
are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Independent study and exam preparation	83	
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis	Final written exam	3	
of bibliography, tutorials, placements,			
clinical practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic			
creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity are given as well as	Course total	125	
the hours of non-directed study			
according to the principles of the			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation			
procedure	Three hour long written exam	in Greek	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other			

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria	
are given, and if and where they are	
accessible to students.	

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Cann, R., Kempson, R., & Marten, L. (2005). The Dynamics of Language: An Introduction. Syntax and Semantics. Volume 35. *Academic Press*. (διαθέσιμο από: <u>http://www.lel.ed.ac.uk/~ronnie/cann-et-al-dec12.pdf</u>)

Steedman, M., & Baldridge, J. (2007). Combinatory Categorial Grammar. Draft 5.0, April 19, 2007. (διαθέσιμο από: <u>https://web.stanford.edu/~mjkay/Steedman&Baldridge.pdf</u>)

Sag, I. A., Wasow, T., Bender, E. M., & Sag, I. A. (1999). *Syntactic theory: A formal introduction* (Vol. 92). Stanford, CA: Center for the Study of Language and Information.