# **COURSE OUTLINE (Undergraduate-Lectures)**

## (1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	PHILOSOPHI	CAL			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PHILOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ЛАФФ 228		SEMESTER 3 <sup>rd</sup> semester and above		
COURSE TITLE	Cicero, De Off	ficiis			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES  if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
		Lectures	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE					
general background,					
special background, specialised general					
knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	It is strongly advised to have completed an Introductory Latin course				
TILLEGUOTE GOORGEO.	The shorighy advised to have completed an infloductory Latin course				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Modern Greek				
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in Modern Greek)				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	,				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://classweb.cc.uoc.gr/classes.asp				

# (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

## Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The general aim of the course is the introduction to the genre of the philosophical dialogue in classical Latin literature, on the basis of Cicero's *De Officiis*, as also the study and analysis of the Stoic views on 'duties' and their relation to the traditional virtues of ancient ethics as presented, mainly, in Book 1 of Cicero's *De Officiis*.

After the completion of the course students should be able:

- To know the main characteristics of the Ciceronian philosophical dialogue, as also to recognize its literary aspects.
- To know the basic principles, notions and arguments of Stoic ethics, and especially their views on duties, as they are developed in Cicero's *De Officiis*.
- To recognise and analyse basic morphosyntactic structures of the language of Cicero's *De Officiis*, to comprehend the meaning of the basic vocabulary used and to comment upon basic textual issues.

• To comprehend and render correctly in Modern Greek basic parts of the text.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with

the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to

gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others

Others..

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

# (3) SYLLABUS

The reception of Greek Philosophy in Rome

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and

Ciceronian Philosophical Dialogue

The Stoic concept of duty and its relation to the 'canonical'

Analysis and Commentary of Book 1 of Cicero's De Officiis

# (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVER\ Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc	Face-to-face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education communication with student	Use of power point Use of the E-learning platform for the sharing of material			
TEACHING METHODS	S Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described	Lectures	39		
in detail.  Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials	5,			
placements, clinical practice, art workshop interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essa writing, artistic creativity, etc.		3		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS		83		
	Course total	125		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Three-hour written exam in Greek entailing			
EVALUATION		the state of the s		
Description of the evaluation procedure	Linguistic exercises (vocabulary, syntax and rendering of meaning)			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation	y Evereines on toytuel me	tters		
summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ende questions, problem solving, written work essay/report, oral examination, public presentation laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, an interpretation, other	4. Questions of Interpretati			
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## (5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

### - Suggested bibliography:

M. Tulli Ciceronis De Officiis Ed. M. Winterbottom Oxford Classical Texts 1994.

Μάρκος Τύλλιος Κικέρων. Περί Καθηκόντων. Εισαγωγή, Μετάφραση, Σχόλια Δ. Χαλκωματάς ΜΙΕΤ 2017.

Atkins É.M. (1990) 'Domina et Regina Virtutum': Justice and Societas in De Officiis' Phronesis 258-89.

Dyck, A. (1996) A Commentary on Cicero, De Officiis. The University of Michigan Press.

Dyck, A. (1979) 'The Plan of Panaetius' Peri Tou Kathekontos' The American Journal of Philology vol. 100 408-416.

Gill, C. (1988) 'Personhood and Personality: The Four-Personae Theory in Cicero De officiis l' Oxford Studies in Ancient Philosophy Vol. 6 169-99

L. Edelstein, Ο Στωϊκός σοφός, Θεσσαλονίκη: Θύραθεν 2002

A.A. Long, Η ελληνιστική φιλοσοφία: στωϊκοί, επικούρειοι, σκεπτικοί, Αθήνα: ΜΙΕΤ 1987.

R.W. Sharples, *Στωικοί, Επικούρειοι και Σκεπτικοί*, Θεσσαλονίκη: Θύραθεν 2002